For Research Use Only

## CoraLite® Plus 488-conjugated PARP1 Polyclonal antibody



**Purification Method:** 

wavelengths:

488 nm / 515 nm

Antigen affinity purification

Excitation/Emission maxima

Catalog Number: CL488-13371

**Basic Information** 

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number: CL488-13371 BC037545

GeneID (NCBI):

100ul, Concentration: 1000 µg/ml by 142

Source: poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase 1

Rabbit Calculated MW: Isotype: 1014 aa, 113 kDa Observed MW: Immunogen Catalog Number: 113-116 kDa, 89 kDa

AG4193

**Tested Applications:** 

Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat

**Applications** FC (Intra)

## **Background Information**

PARP1 (poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase 1) is a nuclear enzyme catalyzing the poly(ADP-ribosyl)ation of many key proteins in vivo. The normal function of PARP1 is the routine repair of DNA damage. Activated by DNA strand breaks, the PARP1 is cleaved into an 85 to 89-kDa COOH-terminal fragment and a 24-kDa NH2-terminal peptide by caspases during the apoptotic process. The appearance of PARP fragments is commonly considered as an important biomarker of apoptosis. In addition to caspases, other proteases like calpains, cathepsins, granzymes and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) have also been reported to cleave PARP1 and gave rise to fragments ranging from 42-89-kDa. This antibody was generated against the C-terminal region of human PARP1 and it recognizes the fulllength as well as the cleavage of the PARP1.

Storage

Storage:

Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to light.

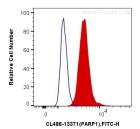
Storage Buffer:

PBS with 50% Glycerol, 0.05% Proclin300, 0.5% BSA, pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

\*\*\* 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

## Selected Validation Data



1X10^6 K-562 cells were intracellularly stained with 0.2 ug Coralite® Plus 488 Anti-Human PARP1 (CL488-13371) (red), or 0.2 ug Control Antibody. Cells were fixed and permeabilized with Transcription Factor Staining Buffer Kit (PF00011).