

For Research Use Only

PPAR Gamma Monoclonal antibody, PBS Only



Catalog Number: 66936-1-PBS

Basic Information

Catalog Number: 66936-1-PBS	GenBank Accession Number: BC006811	Purification Method: Protein A purification
Size: 100ug, Concentration: 1mg/ml by Nanodrop;	GeneID (NCBI): 5468	CloneNo.: 1F4A2
Source: Mouse	UNIPROT ID: P37231	
Isotype: IgG1	Full Name: peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma	
Immunogen Catalog Number: AG16657	Calculated MW: 58 kDa	
	Observed MW: 50 kDa	

Applications

Tested Applications:
WB, IHC, Indirect ELISA

Species Specificity:
Human, mouse

Background Information

Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptors (PPARs) are ligand-activated intracellular transcription factors, members of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily (NR), that includes estrogen, thyroid hormone receptors, retinoic acid, Vitamin D3 as well as retinoid X receptors (RXRs). The PPAR subfamily consists of three subtypes encoded by distinct genes denoted PPAR α (NR1C1), PPAR β/δ (NR1C2) and PPAR γ (NR1C3), which are activated by selective ligands. PPAR γ , also named as PPARG, contains one nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain and is a receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. It plays an important role in the regulation of lipid homeostasis, adipogenesis, INS resistance, and development of various organs. Defects in PPARG are the cause of familial partial lipodystrophy type 3 (FPLD3) and may be associated with susceptibility to obesity. Defects in PPARG can lead to type 2 INS-resistant diabetes and hypertension. PPARG mutations may be associated with colon cancer. Genetic variations in PPARG are associated with susceptibility to glioma type 1 (GLM1). PPARG has two isoforms with molecular weight 57 kDa and 54 kDa (PMID: 9831621), but modified PPARG is about 67 kDa (PMID: 16809887). PPARG2 is a splice variant and has an additional 30 amino acids at the N-terminus (PMID: 15689403). Experimental data indicate that a 45 kDa protein displaying three different sequences immunologically related to the nuclear receptor PPARG2 is located in mitochondria (mt-PPAR). However, the molecular weight of this protein is clearly less when compared to that of PPARG2 (57 kDa) (PMID: 10922459). PPARG has been reported to be localized mainly (but not always) in the nucleus. PPARG can also be detected in the cytoplasm and was reported to possess extra-nuclear/non-genomic actions (PMID: 17611413; 19432669; 14681322).

Storage

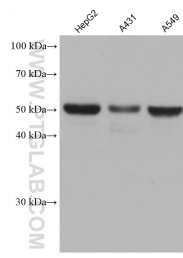
Storage:
Store at -80°C.

Storage Buffer:
PBS Only

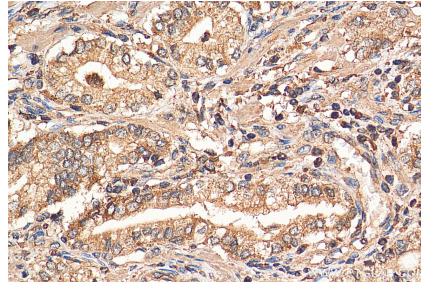
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:
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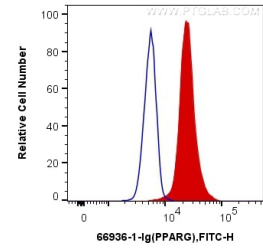
Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66936-1-Ig (PPAR γ antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66936-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human prostate cancer tissue slide using 66936-1-Ig (PPAR γ antibody) at dilution of 1:500 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66936-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



1X10⁶ HeLa cells were intracellularly stained with 0.4 μ g Anti-Human PPAR γ (66936-1-Ig, Clone:1F4A2) and CoraLite[®]488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L) at dilution 1:1000 (red), or 0.4 μ g Control Antibody. Cells were fixed and permeabilized with Transcription Factor Staining Buffer Kit (PF00011). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66936-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.