

Nur für Forschungszwecke

# IRAK1 Polyklonaler Antikörper

Katalog-Nr.: CL555-10478

Vorgestelltes Produkt



## Allgemeine Informationen

|   |                                   |                             |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Katalog-Nr.:                              | GenBank-Zugangsnummer:            | Reinigungsmethode:          |
| CL555-10478                               | BC014963                          | Antigen-Affinitätsreinigung |
| Größe:                                    | GenID (NCBI):                     | Empfohlene Verdünnungen:    |
| 100ul, Konzentration: 1000 µg/ml von 3654 |                                   | IF 1:50-1:500               |
| Nanodrop;                                 | Vollständiger Name:               | Anregungs-/Emissionsmaxima- |
| Wirt:                                     | interleukin-1 receptor-associated | Wellenlängen:               |
| Kaninchen                                 | kinase 1                          | 557 nm / 570nm              |
| Isotyp:                                   | Berechneté Masse:                 |                             |
| IgG                                       | 77 kDa                            |                             |
| Immunogen Katalognummer:                  | Beobachteté Masse:                |                             |
| AG0728                                    | 68-80 kDa                         |                             |

## Anwendungen

|                       |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Geprüfte Anwendungen: | Positivkontrollen: |
| FC (Intra), IF        | IF : HeLa-Zellen,  |

Getestete Reaktivität:  
Human, Maus, Ratte

## Hintergrundinformationen

Interleukin-1 receptor-associated kinases (IRAKs) are a unique family of death domain containing protein kinases that play a key role in initiating innate immune response against foreign pathogens. They are involved in Toll-like receptor (TLR) and interleukin-1 receptor (IL-1R) signaling pathways. IRAK1 is the first member of this kinase family. Upon ligand binding to TLR/IL-1R, IRAK1 is recruited by MYD88 to the receptor-signaling complex, the association leads to IRAK1 phosphorylation by IRAK4 and subsequent autoprophosphorylation and kinase activation. Hyperphosphorylated IRAK1 then disengages from the receptor complex, and forms a cytosolic IRAK1-TRAF6 complex. TRAF6 then interacts with TAK and TAB, resulting in eventual activation of the NF-κB and MAPK pathways. Phosphorylated IRAK1 also undergoes ubiquitin-mediated degradation or sumoylation, which results in nuclear translocation and transcriptional activation of inflammatory target genes. (PMID: 17890055; 12620219)

## Lagerung

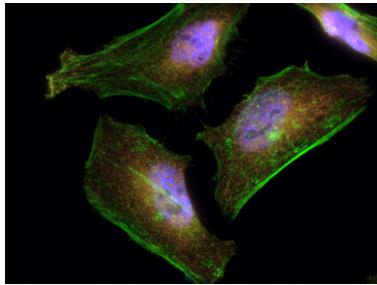
Lagerungsbedingungen:  
Bei -20°C lagern. Vor Licht schützen.  
Lagerungspuffer:  
BS mit 50% Glyzerin, 0,05% Proclin300, 0,5% BSA, pH 7,3.  
Aliquotieren ist nicht notwendig bei -20°C Lagerung

\*\*\* 20ul-Größen enthalten 0.1% BSA

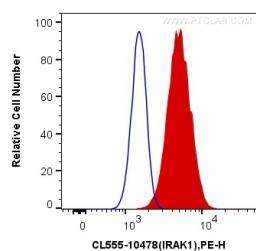
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:  
T: 1(888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free  
in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA) E: proteintech@ptglab.com  
W: ptglab.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

## Ausgewählte Validierungsdaten



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed HeLa cells using Coralite®555 IRAK1 antibody (CL555-10478) at dilution of 1:100, CL488-Phalloidin (green).



1X10<sup>6</sup> HeLa cells were intracellularly stained with 0.4 ug Coralite®555 Anti-Human IRAK1 (CL555-10478) (red), or 0.4 ug Control Antibody. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA and permeabilized with Flow Cytometry Perm Buffer (PF00011-C).