

# Mouse/Rat TREM-1 Sandwich ELISA Kit Datasheet

Please read it entirely before use

Catalogue Number: KE10080

Size: 5\*96T

Sensitivity: 0.4 pg/mL Range: 15.6-1000 pg/mL

Usage: For the quantitative detection of mouse/rat TREM-1 concentrations in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatant and

tissue lysate.

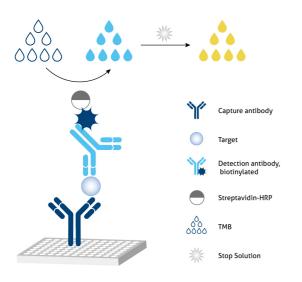
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#### 1. Background

Triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 1 (TREM-1, also known as CD354) is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, which is expressed on neutrophils and monocytes. TREM1 plays a role in the innate immune system. TREM1 amplifies neutrophil and monocyte-mediated inflammatory responses triggered by bacterial and fungal infections by stimulating release of pro-inflammatory chemokines and cytokines, as well as increased surface expression of cell activation markers. TREM1 can also exist as a soluble form (sTREM1). Increased plasma level of sTREM1 have been reported in specific diseases including Alzheimer's disease, systemic sepsis, acute myocardial infarction and subarachnoid hemorrhage.

# 2. Principle



# Sandwich ELISA structure (Detection antibody labeled with biotin)

A capture antibody is pre-coated onto the bottom of wells which binds to analyte of interest. A detection antibody labeled with biotin also binds to the analyte. Streptavidin-HRP binds to the biotin. TMB acts as the HRP substrate and the solution color will change from colorless to blue. A stop solution containing sulfuric acid turns solution yellow. The color intensity is proportional to the quantity of bound protein which is measurable at 450 nm with the correction wavelength set at 630 nm.

# 3. Required Materials

- 3.1 A microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm with the correction wavelength set at 630 nm.
- 3.2 Calibrated, adjustable precision pipettes and disposable plastic tips. A manifold multi-channel pipette is recommended for large assays.
- 3.3 Plate washer: automated or manual.
- 3.4 Absorbent paper towels.
- 3.5 Glass or plastic tubes to prepare standard and sample dilutions.
- 3.6 Beakers and graduated cylinders.
- 3.7 Log-log or semi-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis. A four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit is recommended.

# 4. Kit Components and Storage

Microplate - antibody coated 96-well microplate (8 well × 12 strips)		Unopened Kit:
Protein standard - 1000 pg/bottle; lyophilized	10 bottles	•
Detection Antibody (100×), biotinylated - 600 μ L/vial*	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C for 6 months or -
Streptavidin-horseradish peroxidase (HRP) (100×) - 600 µ L/vial*	1 vial	20°C for 12 months.
Sample Diluent PT 5 - 150 mL/bottle	1 bottle	Opened Kit:
Detection Diluent - 150 mL/bottle		All reagents stored at 2-8°C for
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20×) - 150 mL/bottle		
Extraction Reagent - 150 mL/bottle	1 bottle	7 days.
Tetramethylbenzidine Substrate (TMB) - 60 mL/bottle		Please use a new standard
Stop Solution - 60 mL/bottle	1 bottle	for each assay.
Plate Cover Seals	15 pieces	

<sup>\*</sup> Centrifugation immediately before use

# 5. Safety Notes

- 5.1 Avoid any skin and eye contact with Stop Solution and TMB. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.
- 5.2 Do not use the kit after the expiration date.
- 5.3 Do not mix or substitute reagents or materials from other kit lots or other sources.
- 5.4 Be sure to wear protective equipment such as gloves, masks and goggles during the experiment.
- 5.5 When using an automated plate washer, adding a 30 second soak period following the addition of Wash Buffer to improve assay precision

### 6. Sample Collection and Storage

- 6.1 Serum: Allow blood samples to clot for 30 minutes, followed by centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000xg. Clear serum can be assayed immediately or aliquoted and stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6.2 Plasma: Use EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant for plasma collection. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of collection. The plasma can be assayed immediately or aliquoted and stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6.3 Cell Culture Supernatant: Remove particulates by centrifugation for 5 minutes at 500xg and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 6.4 Tissue Lysate:
- 1) Rinse tissue with PBS, cut into 1-2 mm pieces.
- 2) Add protease inhibitor cocktail to the Extraction Reagent to a final concentration immediately prior to performing tissue lysis.
- 3) Add 1 mL of Extraction Reagent containing protease inhibitor cocktail per 100 mg tissue.
- 4) Homogenize the tissue completely using desired method on ice, Incubate on ice for 30 minutes, use ultrasound to break up the cells.
- 5) Centrifuge tissue homogenates at 10,000 x g for 5 minutes at  $4^{\circ}$ C. Collect the supernatant, assay immediately or aliquot and store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C.
- 6) Measure the concentration of total protein in tissue homogenates using BCA assay.
- 7) Avoid protein degradation by performing all the above procedures on ice where possible.

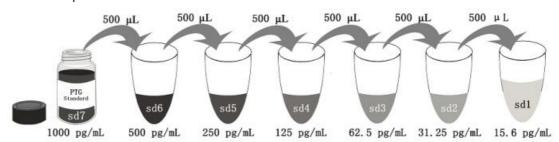
## 7. Regent Preparation

- 7.1 Wash Buffer (1X): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Add 30 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate(20X) to 570 mL deionized or distilled water to prepare 1X Wash Buffer.
- **7.2 Detection Antibody (1X):** Dilute 100X Detection Antibody 1:100 using Detection Diluent prior to assay. Suggested 1:100 dilution: 10  $\mu$  L 100X Detection Antibody + 990  $\mu$  L Detection Diluent (Centrifuge the 100 X Detection Antibody solution for a few seconds prior to use).
- 7.3 Streptavidin-HRP (1X): Dilute 100X Streptavidin-HRP 1:100 using Detection Diluent prior to assay. Suggested 1:100 dilution: 10  $\mu$  L 100X Streptavidin-HRP + 990  $\mu$  L Detection Diluent (Centrifuge the 100X Streptavidin-HRP solution for a few seconds prior to use).
- **7.4 Sample Dilution:** Different samples should be diluted with corresponding Sample Diluent, samples may require further dilution if the readout values are higher than the highest standard OD reading. Variations in sample collection, processing and storage may affect the results of the measurement.

Recommended Dilution for different sample types: 1:2 is recommended for mouse serum and plasma; 1:2 or 1:4 is recommended for rat serum and plasma; 1:2 or 1:4 is recommended for cell culture supernatant; 1:10 or 1:20 is recommended for tissue lysate.

#### 7.5 Standard Serial Dilution:

Add 1 mL Sample Diluent PT 5 in protein standard.



Add # μL of Standard diluted in the previous step	-1	500 μL					
# μL of Sample Diluent PT 5	1000 μL	500 μL					
	"sd7"	"sd6"	"sd5"	"sd4"	"sd3"	"sd2"	"sd1"

## 8. Assay Procedure Summary

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use (Detection antibody and Streptavidin-HRP can be used immediately). To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.

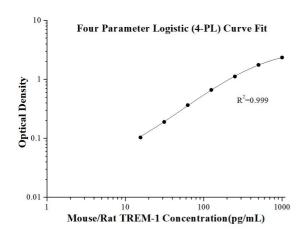
- 8.1 Take out the required number of microplate strips and return excess strips to the foil pouch containing the drying reagent pack and reseal; store at 4°C immediately. Microplate strips should be used in one week.
- 8.2 Preset the layout of the microplate, including control group, standard group and sample group, add 100  $\mu$  L of each standard and sample to the appropriate wells. (Make sure sample addition is uninterrupted and completed within 5 to 10 minutes, It is recommended to assay all standards, controls, and samples in duplicate).
- 8.3 Seal plate with cover seal, pressing it firmly onto top of microwells. Incubate the plate for 2 hours at 37°C. 8.4 Wash
- 1) Gently remove the cover seal. Discard the liquid from wells by aspirating or decanting. Remove any residual solution by tapping the plate a few times on fresh paper towels.
- 2) Wash 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer, using at least 350-400  $\,\mu$  L per well. Following the last wash, firmly tap plates on fresh towels 10 times to remove residual Wash Buffer. Avoid getting any towel fibers in the wells or wells drying out completely. 8.5 Add 100  $\,\mu$  L of 1X Detection Antibody solution (refer to Reagent Preparation7.2) to each well. Seal plate with cover seal and incubate for 1 hour at 37°C.
- 8.6 Repeat wash step in 8.4.
- 8.7 Add 100  $\,\mu$  L of 1X Streptavidin-HRP solution (refer to Reagent Preparation7.3) to each well. Seal plate with cover seal and incubate the plate for 40 minutes at 37°C.
- 8.8 Repeat wash step in 8.4.
- 8.9 Signal development: Add 100  $\mu$  L of TMB substrate solution to each well, protected from light. Incubate for 15 to 20 minutes. Substrate Solution should remain colorless until added to the plate.
- 8.10 Quenching color development: Add 100  $\,\mu$  L of Stop Solution to each well in the same order as addition of the TMB substrate. Mix by tapping the side of the plate gently. NB: Avoid skin and eye contact with the Stop solution.
- 8.11 Read results: Immediately after adding Stop solution read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm. If possible, perform a double wavelength readout (450 nm and 630 nm).
- 8.12 Data analysis: Calculate the average of the duplicate readings (OD value) for each standard and sample, and subtract the average of the zero standard absorbance. Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis, use four-parameter logistic curve- fit (4-PL) analysis to do this. If the samples have been diluted, the OD readout from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor used.

Step	Reagent	Volume	Incubation	Wash	Notes
1	Standard and Samples	100 µL	120 min	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at 37°C
2	Diluent Antibody Solution	100 µL	60 min	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at 37°C
3	Diluent HRP Solution	100 µL	40 min	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at 37°C
4	TMB Substrate	100 µL	15-20 min	Do not wash	Incubate in the dark at 37°C
5	Stop Solution	100 µL	0 min	Do not wash	-
6	6 Read plate at 450 nm and 630 nm immediately after adding Stop solution. DO NOT exceed 5 minutes.				

#### 9. Validation Data

#### 9.1 Standard curve

These standard curves are provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.



(pg/mL)	0.D	Average	Corrected
0	0.067 0.084	0.0755	-
15.6	0.185 0.174	0.1795	0.104
31.25	0.266 0.266	0.266	0.1905
62.5	0.451 0.435	0.443	0.3675
125	0.738 0.744	0.741	0.6655
250	1.18 1.219	1.1995	1.124
500	1.825 1.856	1.8405	1.765
1000	2.431 2.429	2.43	2.3545

#### 9.2 Precision

**Intra-assay Precision** (Precision within an assay) Three samples of known concentration were tested 20 times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

**Inter-assay Precision** (Precision between assays) Three samples of known concentration were tested in 24 separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Intra-assay Precision					
Sample	n	Mean (pg/mL)	SD	CV%	
1	20	443.0	16.8	3.8	
2	20	104.4	2.2	2.1	
3	20	24.4	1.4	5.8	

Inter-assay Precision					
Sample	n	Mean (pg/mL)	SD	CV%	
1	24	428.5	13.0	3.0	
2	24	102.8	2.0	1.9	
3	24	26.5	1.0	3.7	

# 9.3 Recovery

The recovery of mouse/rat TREM-1 spiked to three different levels throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

Sample Type		Average% of Expected	Range (%)
Mouse serum	1:2	87	70-130
Mouse serum	1:4	88	71-122
Rat serum	1:2	85	70-118
kat serum	1:4	87	71-116
Cell culture supernatant	1:8	97	90-108
	1:16	87	79-97
Tissue lysate	1:20	121	114-125
	1:40	108	99-116

## 9.4 Sample values

Mouse/Rat serum - mouse and rat serum samples were evaluated for the presence of mouse/rat TREM-1 in this assay.

Sample Type	Mean (pg/mL)	Range (pg/mL)
Mouse serum (n=16)	44.8	9.4-146.8
Rat serum (n=8)	116.2	72.8-169.5

**Cell culture supernatant** - J774A.1 mouse reticulum cell sarcoma macrophage cells ( $1 \times 10^6$  cells/mL) were cultured for 3 days in DMEM containing 10% fetal bovine serum and stimulated with 2.5 ng/mL LPS. An aliquot of the cell culture supernatant was removed, assayed for mouse/rat TREM-1, and measured 81.1 pg/mL.

Rat lung conditioned media was cultured for 3 days in RPMI supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum and stimulated with 10  $\mu$  g/mL Concanavalin A. An aliquot of the cell culture supernatant was removed, assayed for mouse/rat TREM-1, and measured 402.8 pg/mL.

#### Tissue lysate

Sample Type	Mouse/Rat TREM-1 (pg/mL)
Mouse lung	1,882.9
Mouse liver	17,961.5
Rat heart	457.3
Rat kidney	3,854.9

# 9.5 Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose of mouse/rat TREM-1 is 0.4 pg/mL. This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the concentration corresponding to the mean 0.D. of 20 zero standard replicates.

# 9.6 Linearity

To assess the linearity of the assay, samples were diluted with the appropriate **Sample Diluent** to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

(The tissue lysate samples were initially diluted 1:2.5.)

		Mouse serum	Rat serum	Cell culture supernatant	Tissue lysate
1.2	Average% of Expected	100	100	100	100
1:2	Range (%)	-	-	-	-
1:4	Average% of Expected	103	108	110	117
	Range (%)	101-105	85-119	99-119	108-122
1.0	Average% of Expected	114	116	108	99
1:8	Range (%)	106-121	89-129	90-118	95-104
1:16	Average% of Expected	124	104	86	97
	Range (%)	118-131	77-131	82-89	82-113

#### 10. References

- 1. Bouchon A, et al. (2000) J Immunol.15;164(10):4991-5.
- 2. Gibot S, et al. (2004) Ann Intern Med.141(1):9-15.
- 3. Palazzo SJ, et al. (2012) Dimens Crit Care Nurs.31(1):1-6.
- 4. Jiang T, et al. (2019) Aging Clin Exp Res.31(12):1801-1805.